KCET 2019 CHEMSITRY QUESTION PAPER

- 1. Which of the following possess net dipole moment?
 - a) BF_3

b) SO₂

c) CO₂

- d) BeCl₂
- 2. The number of π -bonds and σ -bonds present in naphthalene are respectively
 - a) 5, 19
- b) 6, 19
- c) 5, 20
- d) 5, 11
- 3. The reaction in which $\Delta H > \Delta U$ is
 - a) $CaCO_{3(s)} \rightarrow CaO_{(s)} + CO_{2(g)}$
 - b) $N_{2(g)} + O_{2(g)} \rightarrow 2NO_{(g)}$
 - c) $CH_{4(g)} + 2O_{2(g)} \rightarrow CO_{2(g)} + 2H_2O_{(1)}$
 - d) $N_{2(g)} + 3H_{2(g)} \rightarrow 2NH_{3(g)}$
- 4. The number of moles of electron required to reduce 0.2 mole of $Cr_2O_7^{-2}$ to Cr^{+3}
 - a) 6

b) 1.2

c) 0.6

- d) 12
- 5. In the reaction

$$B(OH)_3 + 2H_2O \rightarrow [B(OH)_4]^- + H_3O$$

- $B(OH_3)$ functions as
- a) Lewis base
- b) Protonic acid
- c) Lewis acid
- d) Bronsted acid
- 6. Match the following acids with their pKa values:

Acid

pKa

- a) Phenol
- i) 16
- b) P Nitrophenol
- ii) 0.78
- c) Ethanol
- iii) 1.0
- d) Picric acid
- iv) 7.1
- ab c d
- a b c
- a) ii i iii
- b) iii iv i ii

d

- c) iv ii iii i
- d) iii i iv
- 7. Which of the following can be used to test the acidic nature of ethanol?

iv

- a) Na₂CO₃
- b) Blue litmus solution
- c) Na metal
- d) NaHCO₃

8. The regents A, B and C respectively are

- a) NaBH₄, alk, KMnO₄, H₂/Pd
- b) H₂/Pd,PCC,NaBH₄
- c) H₂/Pd, alk, KMnO₄, NaBH₄
- d) NaBH₄, PCC, H₂/Pd
- Propanoic acid undergoes HVZ, reaction to give chloro propanoic acid. The product obtained is
 - a) As stronger as propanoic acid
 - b) Stronger acid than propanoic acid
 - c) Stronger than dichloropropanoic acid
 - d) Weaker acid than propanoic acid

10.
$$P \xrightarrow{H_2/Pd-BaSO_4} Q$$

$$\xrightarrow{\text{(i) con.NaOH}} R + S$$

R and S form benzyl benzoate when treated with each other. Hence P is

- a) C₆H₅CH₂OH
- b) C₆H₅CHO
- c) C₆H₅COOH
- d) C₆H₅COCl
- 11. Among the following, the main reactions occurring in blast furnace during extraction of iron from haematite are
 - i. $Fe_2O_3 + 3CO \rightarrow 2Fe + 3CO_2$
 - ii. $FeO + SiO_2 \rightarrow FeSiO_3$
 - iii. $Fe_2O_3 + 3C \rightarrow 2Fe + 3CO$
 - iv. $CaO + SiO_2 \rightarrow CaSiO_3$
 - a) iii and iv
- b) i and ii
- c) i and iv
- d) ii and iii
- 12. Which of the following pair contains 2 Ione pair of electrons on the central atom?
 - a) H_2O , NF_3
- b) $I_{3}^{+}, H_{2}O$
- c) SO_4^{2-}, H_2S
- d) XeF_4 , NH_3
- 13. Which of the following statement is correct?
 - a) Cl_2 is a stronger oxidizing agent than F_2
 - b) Cl_2 oxidises H_2O to O_2 but F_2 does not.
 - c) Fluoride is a good oxidizing agent
 - d) F_2 oxidises H_2O to O_2 but Cl_2 does not.

- 14.0.1 mole of XeF_6 is treated with 1.8g of water. The product obtained is
 - a) XeO_2F_2
- b) XeO₃
- c) $Xe + XeO_3$
- d) XeOF₄
- 15.In the reaction of gold with aquaregia, oxidation state of Nitrogen changes from
 - a) +6 to +4
- b) +4 to +2
- c) +3 to +1
- d) +5 to +2
- 16. The vitamin that helps in clotting of blood of
 - a) C

b) A

c) K

- d) B,
- 17. The polymer containing five methylene groups as it's repeating unit is
 - a) Nylon 6
- b) Nylon 6, 6
- c) Bakelite
- d) Dacron
- 18. Cis 1, 4 polyisoprene is called
 - a) Neoprene
- b) Buna N
- c) Natural Rubber
- d) Buna S
- 19. Which cleansing agent gets precipated in hard water?
 - a) Sodium stearate
 - b) Sodium lauryl sulphate
 - c) Sodium dodecyl benzene sulphonate
 - d) Cetyl trimethyl ammonium bromide
- 20. Anti histamine among the following is
 - a) Morphine
- b) Bromopheneramine
- c) Chloroxylenol
- d) Amoxycillin
- 21. The elements in which electrons are progressively filled in 4f orbital are called
 - a) Transition elements b) Actinoids
 - c) Halogens
- d) Lanthanoids
- 22.Incorrect statement with reference to Ce(Z=58)
 - a) Ce in +3 oxidation state is more than stable than in + 4
 - b) Ce⁴⁺ is a reducing agent
 - c) Ce shows common oxidation states of +3 and +4.
 - d) Atomic size of Ce is more than that of Lu

- 23.A mixture of NaCl and $K_2Cr_2O_7$ is heated with conc. H_2SO_4 deep red vapors are formed. Which of the following statement is false?
 - a) The vapours contain CrO_2Cl_2 only.
 - b) The vapours give a yellow solution with NaOH.
 - c) The vapours when passed into lead acetate in acetic acid give a yellow precipitate
 - d) The vapours contain CrO, Cl, and Cl,
- 24. Which of the following statement is wrong?
 - a) Mn³⁺ and Co³⁺ are oxidizing agents in aqueous solution.
 - b) In highest oxidation states, the transition metals shows acidic character
 - c) All element of 3d series exhibit variable oxidation states.
 - d) Metals in highest oxidation states are more stable in oxides than in fluorides
- 25. Which among the following is the strongest ligand?
 - a) NH₃
- b) CN⁻

c) en

- d) CO
- 26. Which of the following is a network crystalline solid?
 - a) AlN

b) I₂

c) Ice

- d) NaCl
- 27. The number of atoms in 2.4 g of body centred cubic crystal with edge length 200 pm is (density = $10 \,\mathrm{g \, cm^{-3}}$, $N_{\rm A} = 6 \times 10^{23}$ atoms/mol)
 - a) 6×10^{20}
- b) 6×10^{22}
- c) 6×10^{19}
- d) 6×10^{23}
- 28.1 mole of NaClis doped with 10^{-5} mole of $SrCl_2$. The number of cationic vacancies in the crystal lattice will be
 - a) 6.022×10^{15}
- b) 6.022×10^{18}
- c) 12.044×10^{20}
- d) 6.022×10^{23}

- 29.A non volatile solute, 'A' tetramerises in water to the extent of 80%, 2.5g of 'A' in 100 g of water, lower the freezing point by $0.3^{\circ}C$. The molar mass of A in mol L⁻¹ is (K_f for water = $1.86 \ K \ kg \ mol^{-1}$)
 - a) 221

b) 62

c) 354

- d) 155
- 30. Solution 'A' contains acetone dissolved in chloroform and solution 'B; contains acetone dissolved in carbon disulphide. The type of deviations from Raoult's law shown by solutions A and B, respectively are:
 - a) Positive and negative
 - b) Positive and positive
 - c) Negative and positive
 - d) Negative and negative
- 31. The mass of AgCl precipitated when a solution containing 11.70g of NaCl is added to a solution containing 3.4 g of AgNO₃ is [Atomic mass of Ag = 108, Atomic mass of Na = 23]
 - a) 1.17 g
- b) 5.74 g

c) 6.8

- d) 2.87 g
- 32. Two particles A and B are in motion. If the wavelength associated with 'A is 33.33 nm, the wavelength associated with 'B' whose momentum is $\frac{1}{3}$ rd of 'A' is
 - a) 2.5×10^{-8} m
- b) 1.0×10^{-8} m
- c) 1.0×10^{-7} m
- d) 1.25×10^{-7} m
- 33. The first ionization enthalpy of the following elements are in the order
 - a) P < Si < N < C
- b) C < N < Si < P
- c) Si < P < C < N
- d) P < Si < C < N
- 34. Solubility of AgCl is least in
 - a) Pure water
- b) 0.1 M NaCl
- c) 0.1 M AlCl₃
- d) 0.1 M BaCl₂
- 35. Which of the following equations does NOT represent Charle's law for a given mass of gas at constant pressure?

a)
$$\log V = \log K + \log T$$
 b) $\frac{V}{T} = K$

c)
$$\frac{d(\ln V)}{dT} = \frac{1}{T}$$
 d) $\log K = \log V + \log T$

36. Which is the most suitable reagent for the following conservation?

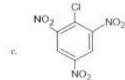
- a) I₂ and NaOH solution
- b) Tollen's reagent
- c) Sn and NaOH solution
- d) Benzoyl peroxide
- 37. Which of the following is least soluble in water at 298 K?
 - a) $(CH_3)_3 N$
- b) CH₃NH₂
- c) $C_6H_5NH_2$
- d) $(CH_3)_2$ NH
- 38. If aniline is treated with 1:1 mixture of con. HNO_3 and con. H_2SO_4 , p-nitroaniline and m-nitroaniline are formed nearly in equal amounts. This is due to
 - a) Protonation of NH₂ which causes deactivation of benzene ring
 - b) M directing property of NH₂ group
 - c) Isomerisation of some p nitroaniline into m nitroaniline
 - d) M & p directing property of NH₂ group.
- 39.In nucleic acids, the nucleotides are joined together by
 - a) Phosphodiester linkage
 - b) Phosphoester linkage
 - c) Sulphodiester linkage
 - d) Phosphodisulphide linkage
- 40. Which of the following is generally water insoluble?
 - a) Vitamin C
- b) Fibrous protein
- c) Glycine
- d) Amylose
- 41.Relative lowering of vapour pressure of a dilute solution of glucose dissolved in 1 kg of water is 0.002. The molality of the solution is
 - a) 0.222
- b) 0.004
- c) 0.021
- d) 0.111

- 42.One litre solution of MgCl₂ is electrolyzed completely by passing a current of 1A for 16 min 5 sec. The original concentration of MgCl₂ solution was (Atomic mass of Mg = 24)
 - a) $5 \times 10^{-2} M$
- b) $5 \times 10^{-3} M$
- c) 1.0×10^{-2} M
- d) $0.5 \times 10^{-3} M$
- 43. An aqueous solution of CuSO₄ is subjected to electrolysis using inert electrodes. The pH of the solution will
 - a) Remain unchanged
 - b) Increase
 - c) Increase or decrease depending on the strength of the current
 - d) Decrease
- $44.\,Given\,E_{Mn^{+7}/Mn^{+2}}^{\circ}=1.5V\,and\quad E_{Mn^{+4}/Mn^{+2}}^{\circ}=1.2V\,,$ then $E_{Mn^{+7}/Mn^{+4}}^{\circ}$ is
 - a) 0.1 V
- b) 0.3 V
- c) 2.1 V
- d) 1.7 V
- 45. The plot of $t_{1/2}v/s[R]_0$ for a reaction is a straight line parallel to x axis. The unit for the rate constant of this reaction is
 - a) $\operatorname{mol} L^{-1} s^{-1}$
- b) mol L⁻¹s

c) s^{-1}

- d) L mol⁻¹s
- 46. The metal nitrate that liberates NO_2 on heating
 - a) LiNO₃
- b) NaNO₃
- c) RbNO₃
- d) KNO₃
- 47. Which of the following is NOT true regarding the use of hydrogen as a fuel?
 - a) The combustible energy of hydrogen can be directly converted to electrical energy in a fuel cell.
 - b) High calorific value
 - c) Hydrogen gas can be easily liquefied and stored.
 - d) Combustion product is eco-friendly
- 48. Resonance effect is not observed in
 - a) $CH_2 = CH C \equiv N$
 - b) $CH_2 = CH C = CH_2$
 - c) $CH_2 = CH CH_2 NH_2$
 - d) $CH_2 = CH Cl$

- 49.2 butyne is reduced to trans but 2 ene using
 - a) Na in liq.NH₃
- b) H₂ | Ni
- c) Zn in dil.HCl
- d) $H_2 \mid Pd C$
- 50. Eutrophication causes
 - a) Reduction in water pollution
 - b) Increase of nutrients in water
 - c) Decreases BOD
 - d) Reduction in dissolved oxygen
- 51. Addition of excess of $AgNO_3$ to an aqueous solution of 1 mole of $PdCl_2 + 4NH_3$, gives 2 moles of AgCl. The conductivity of this solution corresponds to
 - a) 1:3 electrolyte
- b) 1:1 electrolyte
- c) 1:4 electrolyte
- d) 1:2 electrolyte
- 52. The formula of penta aquanitrato chromium (III) nitrate is
 - a) $\left[\text{Cr} \left(\text{H}_2 \text{O} \right)_6 \right] \left(\text{NO}_2 \right)_2$
 - b) $\left[\text{Cr}(\text{H}_2\text{O})_6 \right] \left(\text{NO}_3 \right)_3$
 - c) $\left[\text{Cr} \left(\text{H}_2 \text{O} \right)_5 \text{NO}_2 \right] \text{NO}_3$
 - d) $\left[\operatorname{Cr} \left(\operatorname{H}_2 \operatorname{O} \right)_5 \operatorname{NO}_3 \right] \left(\operatorname{NO}_3 \right)_2$
- 53. Which of the following halide undergoes hydrolysis on warning with water / aqueous NaOH?

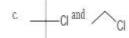


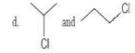


54. The alkyl halides required to prepare

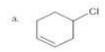
By Wurtz reaction are

| Cl and | Cl an





55. The compound having longest C - Cl bond is





c. CH₂ = CH - Cl

- 56. Which is a wrong statement?
 - a) e^{-Ea/RT} gives the fraction of reactant molecules that are activated at the given temp
 - b) Rate constant k = Arrhenius constant A; if Ea = 0
 - c) Presence of catalyst will not alter the value of Ea
 - d) In k $vs \frac{1}{T}$ plot is a straight line
- 57.1L of 2M CH_3COOH is mixed with 1 L of 3M C_2H_5OH to form an ester. The rate of the reaction with respect to the initial rate when each solution is diluted with an equal volume of water will be
 - a) 2 times
- b) 0.25 times
- c) 4 times
- d) 0.5 times
- 58. Which of the following is an example of homogeneous catalysis?
 - a) Oxidation of SO, in contract process
 - b) Oxidation of NH₃ in Oswald's process
 - c) Manufacture of NH₃ by Haber's process

- d) Oxidation of SO₂ in lead chamber process
- 59. Critical Micelle concentration for a soap solution is $1.5 \times 10^{-4} \, \text{mol} \ L^{-1}$. Micelle formation is possible only when the concentration of soap solution in mol L^{-1} is:
 - a) 4.6×10^{-5}
- b) 2.0×10^{-3}
- c) 1.1×10^{-4}
- d) 7.5×10^{-5}
- 60. Oxidation state of copper is +1 in
 - a) Cuprite
- b) Malachite
- c) Chalcopyrite
- d) Azurite

ANSWER KEYS

1. (b)	2. (a)	3. (a)	4. (b)	5. (c)	6. (b)	7. (c)	8. (d)	9. (b)	10. (d)
11. (c)	12. (b)	13. (d)	14. (d)	15. (d)	16. (c)	17. (a)	18.(c)	19. (a)	20. (b)
21. (d)	22. (b)	23. (d)	24. (c)	25. (d)	26. (a)	27. (b)	28. (b)	29.(b)	30. (c)
31. (d)	32. (c)	33. (c)	34. (c)	35.(d)	36. (a)	37. (a)	38. (a)	39. (a)	40. (b)
41. (d)	42. (b)	43. (d)	44. (d)	45. (c)	46. (a)	47. (c)	48.(c)	49. (a)	50. (b, d)
51. (d)	52. (d)	53. (c)	54. (a)	55. (d)	56. (c)	57. (b)	58. (d)	59. (b)	60. (a)